

**LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY
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FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

LS 7248

BILL NUMBER: SB 492

NOTE PREPARED: Feb 18, 2013

BILL AMENDED: Feb 18, 2013

SUBJECT: Various Telecommunications Matters.

FIRST AUTHOR: Sen. Hershman

FIRST SPONSOR:

BILL STATUS: CR Adopted 1st House

FUNDS AFFECTED: **GENERAL**
 X DEDICATED
 FEDERAL

IMPACT: State

Summary of Legislation: (Amended) The bill deletes expired provisions concerning rate transition periods for telecommunications service providers.

The bill provides that: (A) the filing of the tariff with the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (IURC) serves as the public notice of the filing of the tariff; and (B) the IURC may provide the public with notice of tariff filings through the IURC's internet website or other electronic means.

The bill provides that the Regulatory Flexibility Committee (Committee) may request the IURC to report to the Committee in odd-numbered years. (Current law requires the IURC to make a report every year.)

The bill provides that (A) if the IURC requests a communications service provider to provide information for the IURC to use in preparing a report to the Regulatory Flexibility Committee, the request shall be limited to public information provided to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and shall only be required in the form provided to the FCC; (B) the IURC may request any public information from a communications service provider upon a request from the committee's cochairpersons that specifically enumerates the public information sought.

The bill repeals statutes concerning: (1) rate reduction programs; and (2) certain settlement agreements. It deletes certain reporting requirements of communications service providers to the IURC.

The bill repeals a chapter concerning telephone caller identification services.

The bill repeals the Indiana lifeline assistance program (ILAP). It makes conforming amendments.

Effective Date: Upon passage; June 30, 2013; July 1, 2013.

Explanation of State Expenditures: *Indiana Lifeline Assistance Program (ILAP):* The repeal of ILA P will not have any impact on expenditures of the IURC and OUCC. This program has not been implemented. P.L.26 - 2006 required the IURC to undertake efforts to establish the ILAP. The ILAP would provide basic telecommunication services at a reduced rate to eligible customers. An eligible customer is defined as a person who: (1) has an income at or below 150% of the federal poverty level; and (2) has a household member who receives any of the following:(1) Medicaid. (2) Food stamps. (3) Supplemental Security Income. (4) Federal public housing assistance. (5) Home energy assistance under a program administered by the Division of Family Resources under IC 12-14-11. (6) Assistance under the federal Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) program (45 CFR 260 et seq.) (7) Free lunches under the national school lunch program.

IC 8-1-36 requires that the funding for the ILAP be determined by the IURC after hearing in a manner consistent with comparable federal funding mechanism for Federal lifeline Program. IURC conducted hearings and proposed funding rules for the programs in 2008 and again in 2010. The proposed rules were not approved by State Budget Agency (SBA). The former federal lifeline rules provided a 50% match of state funds. IURC reports that the new federal lifeline rules eliminated the federal match for state lifeline programs so eligible low-income customers will not receive the level of discount as anticipated during the enactment of P.L.26-2006. SBA contends that the cost of the program outweighs the benefit customers will receive.

Repeal of Telephone Caller Identification Services: Under current law, the IURC was required to approve petitions by telecommunication service providers for providing caller ID service. This could reduce IURC administrative cost by a minimal amount beginning in FY 2014.

Any change in administrative costs to the IURC will result in changing the public utility fees paid by the utilities. The IURC and the Office of the Utility Consumer Counselor (OUCC) are funded by public utilities. Each public utility must pay equal to 0.15% of its gross intrastate operating revenues for the preceding calendar year. The actual fee is based on the budgets of IURC and OUCC. At the end of the fiscal year, if the total public utility fees in the Public Utility Fund plus the unspent balance of the Fund exceeds the total appropriations for the IURC and the OUCC (plus a \$250,000 contingency fund), then the IURC must compute each utility's share of the excess. This share is then deducted from any subsequent payment of the utility's public utility fees.

Explanation of State Revenues:

Explanation of Local Expenditures:

Explanation of Local Revenues:

State Agencies Affected: IURC, OUCC, SBA

Local Agencies Affected:

Information Sources: <http://www.in.gov/iurc/2678.htm>

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